#### **College of San Mateo Official Course Outline**

#### 1. COURSE ID: PHIL 160 **TITLE:** History of Ancient Philosophy **C-ID:** PHIL 130 Units: 3.0 units Hours/Semester: 48.0-54.0 Lecture hours; 96.0-108.0 Homework hours; 144.0-162.0 Total Student Learning hours Method of Grading: Letter Grade Only **Recommended Preparation:** ENGL 100 or ENGL 105

2. COURSE DESIGNATION:

# **Degree Credit**

Transfer credit: CSU; UC

## **AA/AS Degree Requirements:**

CSM - GENERAL EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS: E2b. Communication and Analytical Thinking CSM - GENERAL EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS: E5c. Humanities

CSU GE:

CSU GE Area C: ARTS AND HUMANITIES: C2 - Humanities (Literature, Philosophy, Languages Other than English)

## **IGETC:**

**IGETC Area 3: ARTS AND HUMANITIES: B: Humanities** 

## **3. COURSE DESCRIPTIONS:**

### **Catalog Description:**

This course addresses ancient philosophy with emphasis on the development of Greek philosophy from the Pre-Socratics through Aristotle and may also include Hellenistic, Roman, medieval or non-western thinkers.

## 4. STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOME(S) (SLO'S):

Upon successful completion of this course, a student will meet the following outcomes:

- 1. Recognize key philosophers, arguments, and philosophic movements in ancient and medieval philosophy.
- 2. Evaluate the fundamental tenets of the philosophical theories of Socrates, Plato, and Aristotle and their respective epistemological, ethical, and metaphysical positions.
- 3. Explain how historical and social contexts shaped ancient and medieval philosophic movements.

### **5. SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONAL OBJECTIVES:**

Upon successful completion of this course, a student will be able to:

- 1. Employ critical philosophical skills
- 2. Explicate primary philosophical texts of the ancient past
- 3. Analyze primary theories and standpoints with special emphasis on Plato and Aristotle
- 4. Critically analyze and evaluate arguments, assumptions, principles, and methods of the philosophers under consideration

## 6. COURSE CONTENT:

### Lecture Content:

- 1. Ancient Greek Schools of Philosophy and Philosophic Methods
- Platonism. Key topics may include:
  - Justice and moral goodness
  - Allegory of the cave
  - Metaphysics of ideas and forms
  - Wisdom
  - Nature of humanity and love
  - Importance of mathematics
- Aristotelianism. Key topics may include:
  - Cosmological account of the universe
  - Teleological account of nature and ethics
  - Nature of human soul
  - The role of habits in morality
  - Epistemic difference between theoretical and practical knowledge

- Epicureanism. Key topics may include:
  - Hedonist ethics
  - Metaphysical materialism
  - The importance of friendship
  - The social construction of justice
- Stoicism. Key topics may include:
  - The importance of reason
  - Metaphysical determinism
  - The limits of human agency
- Skepticism. Key topics may include:
  - The limits of human knowledge
  - Ethical implications of skepticism
  - Different varieties of skepticism: the Academics versus the Pyrrhonians
- Philosophers covered may include: Plato, Aristotle, Epicurus, Lucretius, Epictetus, Seneca, Sextus Empiricus, Plotinus
  - 2. Formation of Basic Philosophical Questions. Key topics can include:
- Epistemology: the study of knowledge
  - What is knowledge?
  - How is knowledge acquired?
- Metaphysics: the study of the fundamental nature of the universe
  - The transition from mythological perspectives to experimental view of nature
  - What is the origin of the cosmos?
  - What is the function of humans?
- Ethics: the study of how humans ought to live
  - What is moral goodness?
  - Can virtue be taught?
  - 3. Historical and philosophic transitions. Key topics can include:
- The development from the Pre-Socratics to the Athenian schools of philosophy
  - Pre-Socratic philosophers may include: Parmenides, the Milesians, the Pythagoreans, Anaxagoras, Democritus
- The development from Athenian to Hellenistic schools of philosophy, such as Neo-Platonism.
- The adoption and re-interpretation of ancient philosophy in Judaism, Early Christianity, and Islam
- 4. Medieval Philosophies and Debates. Key topics can include:
- Cosmological arguments for the existence of God
- Teleological arguments for the existence of God
- The ontological argument for the existence of God
- The problem of evil
- The nature of the human soul
- Philosophers covered may include: Augustine, Ibn Sina (Avicenna), Ibn Rushd (Averroes), Maimonides, Anselm, Aquinas, Bonaventure
  - 5. Reading Ancient Primary Texts Critically

## 7. REPRESENTATIVE METHODS OF INSTRUCTION:

Typical methods of instruction may include:

- A. Lecture
- B. Discussion
- C. Guest Speakers

## 8. REPRESENTATIVE ASSIGNMENTS

Representative assignments in this course may include, but are not limited to the following:

## Writing Assignments:

2-3 essays approximately 3-8 pages each.

essay for research paper, approximately 5-10 pages in length.

summary for oral report

## **Reading Assignments:**

10- 20 pages of textbook reading per chapter per week

outside independent reading for research term paper (approximately 10-20 pages every two weeks) outside independent reading for oral report (approximately 50 pages throughout the course)

## Other Outside Assignments:

research for term paper (approximately 10 pages in length)

research for oral report (approximately 10 pages in length)

### 9. REPRESENTATIVE METHODS OF EVALUATION

Representative methods of evaluation may include:

- A. Class Participation
- B. Exams/Tests
- C. Group Projects
- D. Homework
- E. Papers
- F. Projects
- G. Research Projects
- H. Written examination

### 10. REPRESENTATIVE TEXT(S):

Possible textbooks include:

- A. Pojman, L. P., & Vaughn, L. Classics of Philosophy, ed. Oxford University Press, 2022
- B. Melchert, N.. *The Great Conversation: A historical introduction to philosophy*, ed. Oxford University Press, 2018
- C. Aristotle. Complete Works, Historical Background, and Modern Interpretation of Aristotle's Ideas, ed. Annotated Classics, 2014
- D. Plato. The Complete Works, ed. e-artnow, 2015

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