College of San Mateo Official Course Outline

1. **COURSE ID:** NURS 231 **TITLE:** Mental Health Nursing

Units: 5.0 units Hours/Semester: 40.0-45.0 Lecture hours; 120.0-135.0 Lab hours; and 80.0-90.0 Homework

hours

Method of Grading: Letter Grade Only

Prerequisite: NURS 222, Corequisite: Concurrent enrollment in NURS 235.

2. COURSE DESIGNATION:

Degree Credit

Transfer credit: CSU

3. COURSE DESCRIPTIONS:

Catalog Description:

Effective and non-effective communication, equilibrium and disequilibrium in life styles and functioning in the adolescent to adult patient. Supervised learning experiences corresponding with classroom instruction in off-campus health care facilities. (Fall only.)

4. STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOME(S) (SLO'S):

Upon successful completion of this course, a student will meet the following outcomes:

- 1. Effectively communicate information, advice and professional opinion to colleagues, patients, clients and their families.
- 2. Engage in and disengage from therapeutic relationships through the use of effective interpersonal and counseling skills.

5. SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONAL OBJECTIVES:

Upon successful completion of this course, a student will be able to:

THEORY OBJECTIVES:

I. OPERATIONALIZE THE NURSING PROCESS TO PROMOTE HOMEOSTASIS

- 1. Deduce the historical theories regarding mental illness while making a comparison to contemporary models
- 2. Apply the concept of stigma as it applies to the individual and society.
- 3. Demonstrate knowledge of the use of DSM V in making mental health diagnoses.
- 4. Discuss the dynamics and causes of mental illness
- 5. Recognize disturbances in levels of consciousness, orientation, memory, judgment, and attitudes.
- 6. Differentiate anxiety states along the mental health-illness continuum.
- 7. Relate components of the Mental Status Exam to patient behaviors and presentation.
- 8. Recognize the interrelationship between physical and emotional illness
- 9. Identify the rational and process of the psychosocial-cultural assessment.
- 10. Compare and contrast behaviors of specific groups as determined by societal crisis and or special interest (i.e. elder abuse).
- 11. Compare and contrast various theoretical perspectives and the relationship to mental health.
- 12. Discuss the role of the RN in psychosocial-cultural assessment.
- 13. Identify the rational and process of the psychosocial-cultural assessment.
- 14. Appraise the following characteristics indicative of mental illness disequilibrium; changes in perception of stimuli, changes in interpretation of environment and changes in communication.
- 15. Plans to provide care that is equity based and within the context of cultural and spiritual needs
- 16. Explain the purpose of the nurse/client relationship as it pertains to developing a care contract.
- 17. Interpret methods and strategies used in prevention of mental illness.
- 18. Assess therapeutic interventions potential in assisting with different mental health challenges.
- 19. Apply the concepts of caring and compassion to the care of persons with mental illness.
- 20. Organize common medications used to treat mental illness including; action, side effects, and nursing implications
- 21. Select interactive therapies the registered nurse uses when working with people experiencing a range of mental health challenges.
- 22. Describe adjunct therapies used by multiple disciplines and the process of implementation for these
- 23. Evaluate the effectiveness of a nursing care plan as it applies to a variety of mental health conditions.

II. ASSUME ROLE AS A COMMUNICATOR

- 1. Relate ego-defense mechanisms and how they enhance or disrupt the communication process.
- 2. List therapeutic and non-therapeutic interviewing techniques.
- 3. Evaluate enhancements and barriers to the rapeutic communication.
- 4. Compare and contrast techniques in communication with special populations.

III. ASSUME ROLE AS A TEACHER

- 1. Assess the health teaching needs for individuals experiencing mental illness.
- 2. Describe several ways to promote mental health and prevent illness among individuals and diverse populations.

IV. ASSUME ROLE AS A LEADER/MANAGER/PROFESSIONAL

- 1. Apply the Nursing Process in preparation for maintaining safety during all phases of escalation.
- 2. Aligns the pharmacological therapies to the individual receiving mental health care: A) Assess responses to pharmacological interventions; compare and contrast positive and negative outcomes. B) Develop a plan to ensure safety in medication management.
- 3. Formulate priority based nursing care plans for multiple psychological clinical manifestations and disorders outlined in the DSM V.
- 4. Describe the dynamics of the group process including purpose and roles.
- 5. Apply the concept of milieu theory in providing therapeutic care.
- 6. List the qualities needed to carry out the role of the mental health registered nurse.
- 7. Describe the role of the mental health registered nurse.
- 8. Discuss future trends in mental health nursing and how these relate to the current state of health care.
- 9. Apply the concepts related to caring for individuals under legal holds.
- 10. Differentiate ethical/legal issues involved in the care of the mentally ill client.

CLINICAL OBJECTIVES:

I. OPERATIONALIZE THE NURSING PROCESS TO PROMOTE HOMEOSTASIS

- 1. Evaluates own learning needs in selecting experiences that enhance personal knowledge.
- 2. Selects clients diverse in age, development, gender and cultures to enhance learning experiences.
- 3. Obtains permission from the instructor and/or resource RN to work with clients.
- 4. Collects and organize data from a variety of resources including but not limited to observation, client documents, multiple disciplines and DSM V criteria.

Assessment

- 1. Determines emotional, social, cultural or physiological factors that could affect a plan of care.
- 2. Evaluates how the environment affects the homeostasis of the client and vice versa.
- 3. Interprets observed behaviors of the client by applying evidenced based literature of the behavioral sciences.
- 4. Deduces priority problems based on data collected and assessment.
- 5. Interprets meaning of behaviors in relation to coping mechanisms.

Planning (Outcome)

- 1. Involves client in the plan of care.
- 2. Collaborates with resource RN in planning patient care.
- 3. Constructs client focused (SMART) outcomes in planning care.
- 4. Lists a minimum of two specific interventions per outcome including rationales.

Implementation

- 1. Makes and maintains a verbal contract/agreement with a client to in preparation for therapeutic communication.
- 2. Uses a minimum of three different therapeutic communication techniques.
- 3. Helps client improve his/her strengths by: Identifying strengths Focusing on positive behaviors and attainment of goals Acknowledging improved functioning
- 4. Helps the client problem solve by: Identifying the issue(s) causing the problem Assisting the client to discover solutions
- 5. Uses limit-setting in appropriate situations.
- 6. Provides clients with activities that increase socialization skills and interaction in the milieu.
- 7. (Student) Participates in milieu activities when permitted.
- 8. Modifies interventions to meet the needs of specific client developmental and chronological ages.

Evaluation

- 1. Evaluates individual client needs for psychotropic drugs.
- 2. Evaluates adverse side effects and specific parameters of administered psychotropic medications.
- 3. Indicates outcome achievement or non-achievement.
- 4. Identifies alternative outcomes or intervention to resolve identified problems.
- 5. Evaluates personal behaviors that enhance or detract from therapeutic communication.

II. ASSUMES ROLE AS COMMUNICATOR

- 1. Communicates effectively using SBAR to convey timely and relevant data acquired about the client, family and/or visitors to appropriate team member.
- 2. Participates in pre and post conferences to identify client needs and methods to deliver care more effectively in future interactions.
- 3. Communicates with appropriate person if a disruptive working relationship occurs with hospital staff, instructor, peers and others.
- 4. Reports and records physiological and behavioral changes pertinent to the client's problems (Sim Chart).

III. ASSUME ROLE AS A TEACHER

- 1. Reviews teaching needs/plans of select clients.
- 2. Implements staff developed teaching plans.

IV. ASSUME ROLE AS A LEADER/MÂNAGER/PROFESSIONAL

- 1. Demonstrates the value and significance of variance reporting (Fall assessment; Safety Checks, etc.).
- 2. Incorporates national patient safety goals.
- 3. Reviews legal documents and articulates the key points.
- Protects confidentiality of electronic health records data, information and knowledge of technology in and ethical manner.
- 5. Follows agency policies and procedures.
- 6. Identifies ethical issues and client rights.
- 7. Maintains a positive/professional attitude while interacting with inter-professional team member, faculty and fellow students.
- 8. Accepts constructive feedback and develops plan of action for improvement.
- 9. Demonstrates responsibility and accountability for own actions.
- 10. Follows program policy and procedures for clinical setting (see student handbook).

6. COURSE CONTENT:

Lecture Content:

- 1. Introduction to Mental Health
- 2. Psychosociocultural Assessment
- 3. The Nursing process and Therapeutic Communication
- 4. Theoretical Concepts
- 5. Biological and Adjunct Therapies
- 6. Legal Issues and Ethical Issues
- 7. The Anxiety Continuum; a Basis for Mental Health Disorders
- 8. Intervening in Crisis
- 9. Mood Disorders
- 10. Suicide
- 11. The Elderly and Mental Illness
- 12. Neuro-Cognitive Disorders
- 13. Schizophrenia
- 14. Personality Disorders
- 15. Dealing with Escalating Behavior
- 16. Violence: Society and Family
- 17. Eating Disorders
- 18. Child and Adolescent Emotional Disorders
- 19. Substance-Related Disorders
- 20. Military Families; Adjustment Disorders and PTSD
- 21. Community/Home Mental Health Nursing
- 22. Making the Transition: Mental Health in medical/surgical nursing
- 23. Research application to Nursing policy and procedure

Lab Content:

Students provide nursing care to patients in the behavioral health setting.

7. REPRESENTATIVE METHODS OF INSTRUCTION:

Typical methods of instruction may include:

- A. Lecture
- B. Lab
- C. Activity
- D. Discussion
- E. Guest Speakers
- F. Observation and Demonstration

G. Service Learning

8. REPRESENTATIVE ASSIGNMENTS

Representative assignments in this course may include, but are not limited to the following:

Writing Assignments:

- A. Simulated Documentation
- B. Case Study
- C. Clinical Worksheet
- D. Presentation

Reading Assignments:

- A. Text book reading
- B. Online journals

Other Outside Assignments:

1. Recommended and required DVD and/or other media

9. REPRESENTATIVE METHODS OF EVALUATION

Representative methods of evaluation may include:

- A. Group Projects
- B. Oral Presentation
- C. Papers
- D. Simulation
- E. Written examination
- F. Clinical evaluation tool, 3 exams, written assignments, presentations, group assignments and video competency. WRITING ASSIGNMENTS/PROFICIENCY DEMONSTRATION: Written assignments must follow APA format and use correct grammar, spelling and punctuations (guidelines available in Student Handbook).

10. REPRESENTATIVE TEXT(S):

Possible textbooks include:

- A. Townsend, MC.. Psychiatric Nursing, 11th ed. Philadelphia, PA: F.A. Davis, 2021
- B. Townsend, M.C. *Nursing Diagnoses in Psychiatric Nursing*, 10th ed. Philadelphia, PA: F.A. Davis, 2021 Possible software includes:
 - A. Mental Health Digital Clinical Experience. Shadow Health, Most recent ed. Students are required to assess, interact, teach and communicate with 5 different animated patients scenarios

Other:

- A. Nursing 231 Syllabus, College of San Mateo.
- B. Online links to additional resources

Origination Date: November 2021 Curriculum Committee Approval Date: January 2022

Effective Term: Fall 2022 Course Originator: Janis Wisherop