College of San Mateo Official Course Outline

 COURSE ID: MUS. 389 TITLE: Recording for Musical Applications II Units: 3.0 units Hours/Semester: 32.0-36.0 Lecture hours; 48.0-54.0 Lab hours; 64.0-72.0 Homework hours; 144.0-162.0 Total Student Learning hours Method of Grading: Grade Option (Letter Grade or Pass/No Pass) Prerequisite: MUS. 289

2. COURSE DESIGNATION:

Degree Credit Transfer credit: CSU; UC

3. COURSE DESCRIPTIONS:

Catalog Description:

A continuation of MUS 289 Recording for Musical Applications. Students develop critical listening skills and apply advanced studio techniques through recording a variety of musical instruments, vocalists, and ensembles in a professional recording studio. Focus on honing recording skills in addition to the implementation of signal processing, including application of EQ, dynamic and time-based processors.

4. STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOME(S) (SLO'S):

Upon successful completion of this course, a student will meet the following outcomes:

- 1. Independently direct all stages of a multi-track recording session, including initial communication with recording artists through the recording process and audio post production, while demonstrating professional and accurate communication of logistics, technical details, and artistic decisions.
- 2. Identify various types of audio signal processors and their function in audio production.
- 3. Critically listen and analyze a sound recording using identified perceptual attributes and recommend appropriate signal processing to achieve optimal results.
- 4. Apply complementary signal processing techniques to achieve desired technical and creative outcomes.

5. SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONAL OBJECTIVES:

Upon successful completion of this course, a student will be able to:

- 1. Independently direct all stages of a multi-track recording session including initial communication with recording artists through the recording process and audio post production while demonstrating professional and accurate communication of logistics, technical details, and artistic decisions.
- 2. Identify various types of audio signal processors and their function in audio production.
- 3. Critically listen and analyze a sound recording using identified perceptual attributes and recommend appropriate signal processing to achieve optimal results.
- 4. Apply complementary signal processing techniques to achieve desired technical and creative outcomes.

6. COURSE CONTENT:

Lecture Content:

- 1. Advanced Mixing Console Usage
 - A. Inserts
 - B. Subgroups
 - C. DCĂs
 - D. Creating a routing template on a digital console
- 2. Advanced Microphone Techniques
 - A. Single mic, multi-mic and stereo array techniques
- 3. Outboard Gear
 - A. Microphone preamplifiers
 - B. Dynamic processors
 - C. Equalizers
 - D. Time-based signal processors
- 4. Digital Audio Workstation (DAW) Control Surfaces
- 5. Troubleshooting in the Studio
 - A. Review of signal flow in the studio
 - B. Determining cables/connectors needed for optimal signal transmission
 - C. Using lists, charts and diagrams to document session connections

- 6. The Proper Monitoring Environment
 - A. Speaker placement
 - B. Determining the listening position
 - C. Closed vs. open-back headphones
 - D. Calibrating speakers and/or headphones
- 7. Signal Processing
 - A. Equalizers
 - a. Managing tonal balance
 - b. Parameters of EQs
 - **B.** Dynamic Processors
 - a. Managing dynamics with compressors, limiters, gates and/or expanders
 - b. Parameters of compressors, limiters, gates and/or expanders
 - C. Time-based Processors
 - a. Creating ambience with reverb and delay
 - b. Parameters of reverbs and delays
 - D. Other Common Signal Processors
- 8. Ear Training
 - A. Detect specified boosts and cuts across the frequency spectrum
 - B. Detect stereo width and pan position
 - C. Detect amplitude level differences in decibels
 - D. Assess sources of audible distortion in an audio signal
- 9. Using Reference Tracks
 - A. Requesting reference tracks from clients
 - B. Using reference tracks to guide technical and creative decisions
- 10. Client Communication & Studio Etiquette
 - A. When/what/how to communicate with a client before, during, and after a session
 - B. Set and manage client expectations before, during, and after a session
 - C. Project assets and deliverables
 - D. Asset delivery methods
 - E. Redundant back-ups

Lab Content:

Lab work consists of hands-on recording sessions with a variety of musical artists and ensembles in CSM's Studio A. Specific instruments, musical styles and ensembles may vary each time the class is offered. Throughout the semester, students will practice:

- 1. Making decisions about microphone choice and placement
 - A. Select microphones based on practical and stylistic considerations
 - B. Implement microphone placement techniques to optimize sound quality and musical expression
- 2. Making proper studio connections
 - A. Patch microphones to mixing console input channels
 - B. Connect headphone mixing stations
 - C. Other instrument or audio connections
- 3. Operating a mixing console for recording and monitoring recording tracks
 - A. Use the talkback system to communicate with recording artists in the booth or live room
 - B. Use channel strip controls to manage input signals
 - a. Set proper preamplifier gain levels
 - b. Apply polarity reversal when needed
 - c. Apply high pass filter when needed
 - C. Create a monitor or headphone mix using auxiliary sends
 - D. Utilize subgroups or DCAs when needed
- 4. Using a digital audio workstation (DAW) to capture recorded multitracks
 - A. Set up track I/O for a multitrack recording session
 - B. Create a template for recording
 - C. Set up a click track for a recording artist or ensemble
 - D. Record overdubs
 - E. Use take folders to manage multiple takes
- 5. Editing recorded multitracks in a DAW:
 - A. Comp vocal or instrumental takes
 - B. Apply fades to clip regions
 - C. Apply EQ to input signals using the console
 - D. Apply EQ to recorded tracks using DAW plugins

- E. Apply dynamics processing to input signals using the console
- F. Apply dynamics processing to recorded tracks using DAW plugins
- G. Apply time-based processing to input signals using the console
- H. Apply time-based processing to recorded tracks using DAW plugins
- I. Export audio recordings at a variety of digital audio resolution settings

7. REPRESENTATIVE METHODS OF INSTRUCTION:

Typical methods of instruction may include:

- A. Lecture
- B. Lab
- C. Activity
- D. Field Trips
- E. Guest Speakers
- F. Observation and Demonstration

8. REPRESENTATIVE ASSIGNMENTS

Representative assignments in this course may include, but are not limited to the following:

Writing Assignments:

Short reports describing the strategies and techniques implemented in recording activities and projects.

Reading Assignments:

Weekly readings from assigned texts including the textbook, equipment and software manuals, equipment and software reviews, and articles on audio engineering principles.

Other Outside Assignments:

- Lab Assignments
- Ear Training Assignments
- Recording Assignments
- Audio Editing Assignments

9. REPRESENTATIVE METHODS OF EVALUATION

Representative methods of evaluation may include:

- A. Class Participation
- B. Class Work
- C. Exams/Tests
- D. Group Projects
- E. Homework
- F. Lab Activities
- G. Projects
- H. Quizzes

10. REPRESENTATIVE TEXT(S):

Possible textbooks include:

- A. Owinski, B.. The Recording Engineer's Handbook, 5th ed. Bobby Owsinski Media Group, 2023
- B. Corbett, I.. *Mic It! Microphones, Microphone Techniques, and Their Impact on the Final Mix*, 2nd ed. New York: Routledge, 2020
- C. Senior, M.. Recording Secrets for the Small Studio, 2nd ed. New York: Routledge, 2022

Origination Date: November 2023 Curriculum Committee Approval Date: December 2023 Effective Term: Fall 2024 Course Originator: Adria Otte