College of San Mateo Official Course Outline

COURSE ID: BIOL 145 TITLE: Plants, People, and Environment Units: 3.0 units Hours/Semester: 48.0-54.0 Lecture hours; and 96.0-108.0 Homework hours Method of Grading: Letter Grade Only Recommended Preparation:

Eligibility for ENGL 100, or Eligibility for ENGL 105

2. COURSE DESIGNATION:

Degree Credit

Transfer credit: CSU; UC AA/AS Degree Requirements:

CSM - GENERAL EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS: E5a. Natural Science

CSU GE:

CSU GE Area B: SCIENTIFIC INQUIRY AND QUANTITATIVE REASONING: B2 - Life Science IGETC:

IGETC Area 5: PHYSICAL AND BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES: B: Biological Science

3. COURSE DESCRIPTIONS:

Catalog Description:

Introduction to plants and their functions as they apply to people. Covers principles of living organisms, structure-function, evolution, and ecology. Emphasizes the role of plants in the development of human civilization and considers their impact as a primary food source for the human population. One or more field trips may be required.

4. STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOME(S) (SLO'S):

Upon successful completion of this course, a student will meet the following outcomes:

- 1. Describe plant structure and its relationship to function at all levels, cellular, tissue, organ, population, community, and ecosystem.
- 2. Explain the role of plants in the development of human civilization, including the role of plants as primary food source for humans, and their role in ecosystem services.
- 3. Explain life plant processes at all levels, from plant metabolism to evolution.
- 4. Use critical thinking and logical reasoning skills in the study of plants, and be able to follow directions when completing course assignments.
- 5. Apply the scientific method to investigate biological phenomena, and evaluate current issues related to plants.
- 6. Understand and explain the role of plants in ecology, evolution, and the diversity of life.

5. SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONAL OBJECTIVES:

Upon successful completion of this course, a student will be able to:

- 1. Describe plant structure and its relationship to function at all levels, cellular, tissue, organ, population, community, and ecosystem.
- 2. Explain the role of plants in the development of human civilization, including the role of plants as primary food source for humans, and their role in ecosystem services.
- 3. Explain life plant processes at all levels, from plant metabolism to evolution.
- 4. Use critical thinking and logical reasoning skills in the study of plants, and be able to follow directions when completing course assignments.
- 5. Apply the scientific method to investigate biological phenomena, and evaluate current issues related to plants.
- 6. Understand and explain the role of plants in ecology, evolution, and the diversity of life.

6. COURSE CONTENT:

Lecture Content:

Introduction to plant biology
 The relationship of humans to their environment
 Human and animal dependence on plants
 Scientific experimentation and plant science inquiry
 The nature of plant life and Plant cells

Attributes of living organisms Plant cells and tissues Edible plant tissues and nutrient content. 3. Leaves' structure and function Human and ecological relevance of leaves 4. Stems structure and development External and internal stem structure and function Wood structure, uses, and properties 5. Root structure and development Mycorrhizae; root nodules; soil ecology and roots Plants and the nitrogen cycle: ecological importance Human relevance of roots 6. Flowers, Fruits, and Seeds Structure and types of flowers Structure and types of fruits Fruit and seed dispersal Seed structure, germination, and longevity Human relevance of flowers, fruits, and seeds 7. Water in plants Molecular movement, diffusion, osmosis, imbibition, plasmolysis, active transport Plants and the water cycle 8. Plant metabolism Photosynthesis: major steps, C3, C4, and CAM processes Other significant processes that occur in chloroplasts Respiration: major steps; factors affecting the rate of respiration Additional metabolic pathways; assimilation and digestion Secondary metabolites: their human impact Plants and the carbon cycle 9. Plant growth, breeding, and propagation Nutrients, vitamins, plant hormones Crop plant evolution Plant breeding: using compatible and incompatible germplasm Methods of plant propagation: agricultural and human relevance 10. Plant Genetics **Genetically Modified Plants** Ecological and human relevance of plant modification 11. Plant Evolution The study of evolutionary biology Charles Darwin; evidence for evolution Artificial and natural plant selection The role of hybridizations in evolution; apomixis; polyploidy 12. Plant names and classification Development of the classification systems The species concept; the future of plant classification The relevance of Plant biodiversity 13. Survey of Protista and Fungi Relationships of plants to other kingdoms Human and ecological relevance of photosynthetic Protista and fungi 14. Survey of Plant Phyla Human and ecological relevance of plant phyla 15. Flowering plants and civilization Origin of cultivated plants Selected families of flowering plants 16. Ecology and Biomes Plants and the environment; life histories; natural cycles Ecological succession; global warming; erosion; biodiversity Impact of humans on plant communities Restoration biology Survey of the major biomes of North America, including tundra, taiga, temperate deciduous forests, grasslands, deserts, mountain and coastal forests, intertidal zone (tide pools), and tropical rain forests. Study of tide pool algae and survey of plant cover; a survey of plant cover and diversity of species in a chaparral biome; a survey of plant cover and ecology of the redwood forest.

Lab Content:

This is a lecture class with no labs.

TBA Hours Content:

This class has no TBA

7. REPRESENTATIVE METHODS OF INSTRUCTION:

Typical methods of instruction may include:

- A. Lecture
- B. Critique
- C. Activity
- D. Discussion
- E. Field Experience
- F. Field Trips
- G. Guest Speakers
- H. Individualized Instruction
- I. Service Learning
- J. Other (Specify): Documentaries and or research papers may be assigned for an in-depth study of a particular topic. Papers from botanical journals may be assigned as examples of how to apply the scientific method to botanical research.

8. REPRESENTATIVE ASSIGNMENTS

Representative assignments in this course may include, but are not limited to the following: Writing Assignments:

1. Homework assignments related to readings and supplemental to textbook readings. Some of the assignments may include answering review questions, short essays, or a report on a plant product.

2. Term paper that includes a library search of appropriate valid scientific sources and proper citation of sources.

- 3. Report based on a visit to a botanical garden to study plant biomes.
- 4. Report based on a visit to a farmers' market to explore local produce sources.

Reading Assignments:

- 1. Reading assignments for each of the textbook chapters.
- 2. Reading selected papers from the library journal database.

Other Outside Assignments:

- 1. Review several botanical videos housed in the library database collection.
- 2. Review of appropriate documentary from the Nature or Nova PBS website.
- 3. Visit to a local botanical garden and farmer's market.

To be Arranged Assignments:

None

9. REPRESENTATIVE METHODS OF EVALUATION

Representative methods of evaluation may include:

- A. Class Participation
- B. Class Performance
- C. Class Work
- D. Exams/Tests
- E. Field Trips
- F. Final Class Performance
- G. Homework
- H. Papers
- I. Projects
- J. Quizzes
- K. Research Projects
- L. Written examination
- M. Objective exams (true/false, multiple choice, fill-in blanks), essay, term paper, take-home exams, and oral presentations.

10. REPRESENTATIVE TEXT(S):

Possible textbooks include:

A. Bidlack, J. and S. Jansky. *Stern's Introductory Plant Biology*, 14th ed. McGraw Hill, 2018
B. Samantha Fowler, Rebecca Roush, James Wise. *Concepts of Biology*, 1st ed. OpenStax, 2020

Origination Date: August 2020 Curriculum Committee Approval Date: September 2020 **Effective Term:** Fall 2021 Course Originator: Paul Hankamp